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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q
QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
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For the quarterly period ended June 30, 1999
Commission file number 1-13293

SunSource Inc.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

3000 One Logan Square
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

(Address of principal executive offices)
Securities registered pursuant to Section $12(b)$ of the Act:

| Title of Class | Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered |
| :---: | :---: |
| Common Stock, | New York Stock Exchange |
| par value $\$ .01$ per share |  |
| Preferred Share Purchase Rights | New York Stock Exchange |

Securities registered pursuant to Section $12(g)$ of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or $15(d)$ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.


On August 16, 1999 there were 6,744,282 Common Shares outstanding.

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PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

SIGNATURES

## <TABLE>

<CAPTION>


## Cash surrender value of life insurance policies

12,891
792 10,123
Other assets
1,042
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Total assets
\$ 343,863
$\$ 373,485$
$\$ 341,568$
$========$

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
Current liabilities: Accounts payable
\$ 56,850
Notes payable
1,306
Current portion of capitalized lease obligations
276
Dividends / distributions payable
999
Deferred tax liability
935
Accrued expenses:
Salaries and wages
5,999
Income and other taxes
4,500
Other accrued expenses
18,205
----------
Total current liabilities
89,070
Senior notes
60,000
Bank revolving credit
42,000
Capitalized lease obligations
686
Deferred compensation
11,451
Other liabilities
704


Total liabilities
203,911
----------
Guaranteed preferred beneficial interests in the Company's junior subordinated debentures
115,727
----------
Commitments and contingencies
Stockholders' equity:
Preferred stock, $\$ .01$ par, $1,000,000$ shares authorized, none issued
--
Common stock, $\$ .01$ par, $20,000,000$ shares authorized, $7,221,259$ issued and $6,742,159$ outstanding at June 30,1999 , $7,217,263$ issued and 6,756,163 outstanding at December 31, 1998 and $7,215,667$ shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 1998
72
Additional paid-in capital
20,816
Retained earnings
6,528
Unearned compensation

Accumulated other comprehensive income
$(3,191)$
Treasury stock, at cost, 479,100 shares at June 30, 1999; 461,100 shares at December 31, 1998; none at June 30, 1998
\$ 56,058
\$ 58,353
1,243
276
--
929

6,516
8,379
1,777
4,194
26,521
----------

93,320
60,000
79,000
423
13,177
851
----------
246,771
$\qquad$

115,376
$\qquad$
--

72
21,287
3,274
(322)
$(4,268)$
$(8,705)$

115,551
$\qquad$

72
21,099
12,748
(229)
$(4,596)$
$(8,380)$

Total stockholders' equity 24,225
----------
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity
\$ 343,863
=========
</TABLE>
SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Net sales

Cost of sales
Cost of sales - Inventory write-down
related to restructuring (Note 1)
Gross profit

Operating expenses:
Selling, general and administrative expenses
Depreciation
Amortization
Total operating expenses

Restructuring charges and asset write-down (Note 1) Other expense, net

SUNSOURCE INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited) FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED, (dollars in thousands, except for share amounts)

|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { une } 30 \text {, } \\ 1999 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } 30 \text {, } \\ & 1998 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net sales | \$ | 179,807 | \$ | 188,931 |
| Cost of sales |  | 108,075 |  | 113,437 |
| Cost of sales - Inventory write-down related to restructuring (Note 1) |  | 2,130 |  | -_ |
| Gross profit |  | 69,602 |  | 75,494 |
| Operating expenses: |  |  |  |  |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses |  | 69,892 |  | 60,662 |
| Depreciation |  | 1,541 |  | 1,173 |
| Amortization |  | 704 |  | 556 |
| Total operating expenses |  | 72,137 |  | 62,391 |
| Restructuring charges and asset write-down (Note 1) Other expense, net |  | $\begin{array}{r} 8,118 \\ 26 \end{array}$ |  | 8 |
| Income (loss) from operations |  | $(10,679)$ |  | 13,095 |
| Interest expense, net |  | 2,321 |  | 1,646 |
| Distributions on guaranteed preferred beneficial interests |  | 3,058 |  | 3,058 |
| Income (loss) before provision (benefit) for income taxes |  | $(16,058)$ |  | 8,391 |
| Provision (benefit) for income taxes |  | $(6,353)$ |  | 3,776 |
| Net income (loss) | \$ | $(9,705)$ | \$ | 4,615 |
| Basic and diluted net income (loss) per common share | (\$ | 1.44) | \$ | 0.64 |
| Weighted average number of outstanding common shares |  | 742,159 |  | 215,422 |

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7,215,422
</TABLE>

SUNSOURCE INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited)
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED,
(dollars in thousands, except for share amounts)

|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } 30 \text {, } \\ & 1999 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } 30 \text {, } \\ & 1998 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net sales | \$ | 352,918 | \$ | 360,108 |
| Cost of sales |  | 209,184 |  | 216,801 |
| Cost of sales - Inventory write-down related to restructuring (Note 1) |  | 2,130 |  | -- |
| Gross profit |  | 141,604 |  | 143,307 |
| Operating expenses: |  |  |  |  |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses |  | 133,300 |  | 119,180 |
| Depreciation |  | 3,014 |  | 2,282 |
| Amortization |  | 1,363 |  | 1,069 |
| Total operating expenses |  | 137,677 |  | 122,531 |
| Restructuring charges and asset write-down (Note 1) Other income, net |  | $\begin{array}{r} 8,118 \\ 194 \end{array}$ |  | 13 |
| Income (loss) from operations |  | $(3,997)$ |  | 20,789 |
| Interest expense, net |  | 4,384 |  | 3,334 |
| Distributions on guaranteed preferred beneficial interests |  | 6,116 |  | 6,116 |
| Income (loss) before provision (benefit) for income taxes |  | $(14,497)$ |  | 11,339 |
| Provision (benefit) for income taxes |  | $(5,697)$ |  | 5,103 |
| Net income (loss) | \$ | $(8,800)$ | \$ | 6,236 |
| Basic and diluted net income (loss) per common share | (\$ | 1.30) | \$ | 0.91 |
| Weighted average number of outstanding common shares |  | 6,748,389 |  | 6,846,904 |

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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SUNSOURCE INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED,
(dollars in thousands)

| June 30, | June 30, |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1999 | 1998 |
| -------- | -------- |

Cash flows from operating activities:
Net income (loss)
$\$(9,705) \quad \$ 4,615$
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net
cash used for operating activities:

| Depreciation and amortization | 2,245 | 1,729 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Restructuring charges and asset write-down | 10,248 | -- |
| Increase (decrease) in cash value of life insurance | (627) | 41 |
| Benefit for deferred income taxes | $(5,749)$ | $(1,415)$ |
| Changes in current operating items: |  |  |
| Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable | 2,035 | $(6,398)$ |
| Decrease in inventories | 1,233 | 1,073 |
| Decrease in other current assets | 1,610 | 435 |
| Decrease in accounts payable | $(4,817)$ | $(1,745)$ |
| Increase (decrease) in income taxes payable | $(3,037)$ | 814 |
| Decrease in accrued restructuring charges and transaction costs | (500) | (275) |
| Increase (decrease) in other accrued liabilities | 3,820 | (556) |
| Other items, net | 1,091 | $(1,156)$ |
| Net cash used for operating activities | $(2,153)$ | $(2,838)$ |
| Cash flows from investing activities: |  |  |
| Proceeds from sale of property and equipment | 6 | 192 |
| Payments for acquired businesses, net of cash acquired | $(1,622)$ | $(11,156)$ |
| Capital expenditures | $(1,516)$ | $(1,199)$ |
| Investment in life insurance policies | -- | (803) |
| Other, net | (322) | (252) |
| Net cash used for investing activities | $(3,454)$ | $(13,218)$ |
| Cash flows from financing activities: |  |  |
| Borrowings under the bank credit agreement, net | 7,420 | 11,000 |
| Cash distributions / dividends to investors | (674) | (721) |
| Repayments under other credit facilities, net | (265) | (452) |
| Principal payments under capitalized lease obligations | (94) | (112) |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | 6,387 | 9,715 |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 780 | $(6,341)$ |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 2,119 | 21,043 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$ 2,899 | \$ 14,702 |

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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## SUNSOURCE INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES <br> CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited) FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED, (dollars in thousands)

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { June 30, } \\ 1999 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } 30, \\ 1998 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash flows from operating activities: |  |  |
| Net income (loss) | \$ (8,800) | \$ 6,236 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash used for operating activities: |  |  |
| Depreciation and amortization | 4,377 | 3,351 |
| Restructuring charges and asset write-down | 10,248 | -- |
| Increase in cash value of life insurance | (741) | (813) |
| Benefit for deferred income taxes | $(5,837)$ | $(1,147)$ |
| Changes in current operating items: |  |  |
| Increase in accounts receivable | $(7,851)$ | $(14,366)$ |
| Increase in inventories | $(5,202)$ | (359) |


| Decrease in other current assets | 897 | 633 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable | $(3,757)$ | 5,698 |
| Increase (decrease) in income taxes payable | $(3,095)$ | 331 |
| Decrease in accrued restructuring charges and transaction costs | $(1,119)$ | (847) |
| Decrease in other accrued liabilities | $(1,498)$ | (640) |
| Other items, net | 1,022 | (111) |
| Net cash used for operating activities | $(21,356)$ | $(2,034)$ |
| Cash flows from investing activities: |  |  |
| Proceeds from sale of property and equipment | 280 | 202 |
| Payments for acquired businesses, net of cash acquired | $(15,138)$ | $(11,156)$ |
| Capital expenditures | $(3,652)$ | $(2,177)$ |
| Investment in life insurance policies | $(1,300)$ | (903) |
| Other, net | (386) | (389) |
| Net cash used for investing activities | $(20,196)$ | $(14,423)$ |
| Cash flows from financing activities: |  |  |
| Net proceeds from issuance of common stock | -- | 20,824 |
| Borrowings under the bank credit agreement, net | 44,000 | 9,000 |
| Purchase of treasury stock at cost | (325) | -- |
| Cash distributions / dividends to investors | $(1,350)$ | $(3,439)$ |
| Repayments under other credit facilities, net | (527) | (774) |
| Principal payments under capitalized lease obligations | (143) | (90) |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | 41,655 | 25,521 |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | 103 | 9,064 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 2,796 | 5,638 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$ 2,899 | \$ 14,702 |

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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SUNSOURCE INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 1999 (Unaudited)
(dollars in thousands)

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>
Accumulated
Total
Stockholders'
Equity

\footnotetext{
Net loss
\((8,800)\)
}
\((8,800)\)
```
    Change in cumulative foreign
        translation adjustment

Comprehensive income \((8,472)\)
\(\qquad\)
    Issuance of 3,996 shares of common stock
        to certain non-employee directors 65
    65

Dividends declared on common stock (674) (674)
Stock options granted at a discount 123
(123)
-

Amortization of stock option discount 30

Repurchase of 18,000 shares of common stock
(325) (325)

</TABLE>
(1) Cumulative foreign translation adjustment represents the only item of other comprehensive income.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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SUNSOURCE INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(dollars in thousands)

1. Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying financial statements include the consolidated accounts of SunSource Inc. (the "Company") and its wholly-owned subsidiaries including SunSource Industrial Services Company, Inc., The Hillman Group, Inc.
("Hillman"), Harding Glass, Inc. ("Harding") and SunSource Capital Trust (the
"Trust"). All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been
eliminated. The Company is one of the leading providers of value-added services and products to retail and industrial markets in North America.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements and related notes are unaudited; however, in management's opinion all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for the fair presentation of financial position, income and cash flows for the periods shown have been reflected. Results for the interim period are not necessarily indicative of those to be expected for the full year.

Certain information in note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles has been condensed or omitted pursuant to Form $10-Q$ requirements although the Company believes that disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. It is suggested that these financial statements be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's report on Form $10-\mathrm{K}$ for the year ended December 31, 1998.

## Restructuring Charges and Asset Write-downs

On June 29, 1999, the Board of Directors of SunSource Inc. approved the Company's restructuring plan to reposition the Industrial Services businesses, write-down key machines at the Hillman division, and realign corporate overhead expenses. As a result of this plan, the Company recorded a restructuring charge of $\$ 4,818$, key machine write-down of $\$ 3,300$ and an inventory write-down related to restructuring of $\$ 2,130$. Included in these charges and write-downs is $\$ 6,412$ related to Industrial Services, \$3,300 related to Hillman, and \$536 related to Corporate Headquarters.

The Industrial Services charge of $\$ 6,412$ includes termination benefits of $\$ 3,764$, an inventory write-down of $\$ 2,130$, other exit costs of $\$ 415$ and a write-down of unamortized leasehold improvements of $\$ 103$. The termination benefits of $\$ 3,764$ ( $\$ 2,744$ for Technology Services and $\$ 1,020$ for Expediter) cover about 100 employees. The other exit costs and write-down of unamortized leasehold improvements are related to lease buyouts and losses on the sale of owned facilities as a result of Technology Services' facilities consolidation. The inventory write-down of $\$ 2,130$ is the result of a reduction in vendor lines resulting principally from the facility consolidation process.

SUNSOURCE INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES<br>NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS<br>(dollars in thousands)

## 1. Basis of Presentation (continued):

The Hillman charge of $\$ 3,300$ is primarily the result of Hillman's inability to recover key machines from retailers. The $\$ 3,300$ charge represents the total net book value of key machine costs that have been capitalized as of June 30, 1999.

The Corporate Headquarters component of the restructuring charge aggregates \$536 comprised of other exit costs of $\$ 434$ and termination benefits of $\$ 102$. The other exit costs include lease termination costs of $\$ 101$ and unamortized leasehold improvements of $\$ 333$ on certain assets.

The following table summarizes the restructuring costs and asset write-downs charged, the balance sheet classification, and payments or adjustments made in the second quarter 1999.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Balance Sheet Classification & \begin{tabular}{l}
Asset \\
Write-Downs
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Termina- } \\
& \text { tion } \\
& \text { Benefits }
\end{aligned}
\] & Other Exit Costs & Total \\
\hline <S> & <C> & <C> & <C> & <C> \\
\hline Opening Balance June 29, 1999: & & & & \\
\hline Inventory Write-down & \$ 2,130 & -- & -- & \$ 2,130 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Unamortized Key Machines & \$ & 3,300 & & -- & & -- & \$ & 3,300 \\
\hline Unamortized leasehold & & & & & & & & \\
\hline improvements & \$ & 436 & & -- & & -- & \$ & 436 \\
\hline Current - other accrued expense & & -- & \$ & 3,096 & \$ & 435 & \$ & 3,531 \\
\hline Long-term - other liabilities & & -- & \$ & 770 & \$ & 81 & \$ & 851 \\
\hline Totals & \$ & 5,866 & \$ & 3,866 & \$ & 516 & & 0,248 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Payments/charges during quarter:} \\
\hline Unamortized Key Machines & \$ & \((3,300)\) & & -- & -- & \$ \((3,300)\) \\
\hline Unamortized leasehold & & & & & & \\
\hline improvements & & (436) & & -- & -- & \$ (436) \\
\hline Current - other accrued expense & & -- & \$ & ( 98) & \$ (53) & \$ (151) \\
\hline Totals & \$ & \((3,736)\) & & ( 98) & \$ (53) & \$ \((3,887)\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Ending Balance June 30, 1999:} \\
\hline Inventory Write-down & \$ & 2,130 & & -- & -- & \$ 2,130 \\
\hline Current - other accrued expense & & -- & \$ & 2,998 & \$ 382 & \$ 3,380 \\
\hline Long-term - other liabilities & & -- & \$ & 770 & \$ 81 & \$ 851 \\
\hline Totals & \$ & 2,130 & \$ & 3,768 & \$ 463 & \$ 6,361 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
</TABLE>
The Board's approval of the restructuring plan provided the Company's management with the authority to involuntarily terminate employees. The Company has established the levels of benefits that the terminated employees will receive and informed the employees of their termination benefits prior to the close of business on June 30, 1999.

SUNSOURCE INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued
(dollars in thousands)

## 2. Acquisitions:

On February 9, 1999, Harding acquired all of the outstanding common stock of Pritchard Glass, Inc. and Premier Glass Services, Inc. for an aggregate net cash consideration of $\$ 11,301$, including debt repayments of $\$ 3,272$ and transaction costs of $\$ 429$, plus the assumption of certain liabilities aggregating $\$ 3,189$. Harding recorded goodwill of $\$ 7,367$ related to this acquisition.

During the first six months, Harding also acquired the assets of three retail glass shops for net cash consideration, including transaction costs, of $\$ 2,085$ plus the assumption of certain liabilities of $\$ 467$. Harding recorded goodwill of \$1,914 related to these acquisitions.

Cash payments for acquisitions in the first six months of 1999 also includes disbursements totaling $\$ 1,752$ related to prior year acquisitions for post-closing adjustments.

The following disclosures indicate the Company's estimate of financial results had all 1998 and 1999 acquisitions been consummated on January 1, 1998:

|  | Pro forma |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Six Mon } \\ & 6 / 30 / 99 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ended } \\ & 6 / 30 / 98 \end{aligned}$ |
| Net sales | \$355,973 | \$384,483 |
| Income (loss) before extrordinary items | $(8,733)$ | 7,008 |
| Net income (loss) | $(8,733)$ | 7,008 |
| Basic and diluted earnings per share | (\$1.29) | \$1.02 |

As of June 30, 1999, the Company had $\$ 5,670$ available under its $\$ 90,000$ Bank Credit Agreement which provides revolving credit for working capital purposes and acquisitions through September 30, 2002. The Company had $\$ 139,699$ of outstanding long-term debt and capital lease obligations at June 30, 1999, consisting of bank borrowings of $\$ 79,000$, outstanding senior notes of $\$ 60,000$ and capital lease obligations of $\$ 699$. The Company also had $\$ 5,330$ of Letters of Credit charged against its available borrowing on the revolving credit facility. The Company has another credit facility available in the amount of $\$ 500$ for letter of credit commitments only, of which no amount was outstanding as of June 30, 1999. In addition, an indirect, wholly-owned Canadian subsidiary of the Company has a $\$ 2,500$ Canadian dollar line of credit for working capital purposes of which no amount was outstanding at June 30, 1999.

Accounts payable has been increased to include a reclassification of $\$ 3,552$
representing checks issued as of June 30,1999 for which funds would have had to have been drawn against the Company's revolving credit facility if they had been presented on that date.
4. Guaranteed Preferred Beneficial Interests in the Company's Junior Subordinated Debentures:

The sole assets of the Trust are the Junior Subordinated Debentures. The obligations of the Company under the Declaration of Trust of the Trust, the Indenture, the Preferred Securities Guarantee and the Junior Subordinated Debentures in the aggregate constitute a full and unconditional guarantee by the Company of the Trust's obligations under the Trust Preferred Securities. The

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SUNSOURCE INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(dollars in thousands)

## 4. Guaranteed Preferred Beneficial Interests in the Company's Junior Subordinated Debentures (continued):

distributions on the Trust Preferred Securities aggregate $\$ 12,232$ annually. The Company has guaranteed on a subordinated basis the payment of distributions on the Trust Preferred Securities and payments on liquidation of the Trust and redemption of Trust Preferred Securities (the "Preferred Securities Guarantee"). The principal amount of the Junior Subordinated Debentures is $\$ 108,707$, consisting of $\$ 3,261$ related to the Trust Common Securities and $\$ 105,446$ related to the Trust Preferred Securities; the interest rate is $11.6 \%$; and their maturity date is September 30, 2027, unless redeemed earlier.

The Trust Preferred Securities will be redeemed upon maturity on September 30, 2027, or earlier redemption of the Junior Subordinated Debentures at $100 \%$ of the liquidation amount plus accrued and unpaid distributions, provided that any redemption due to a change in the tax status of the interest payments to the Trust within the first five years will be at 101\%. The Trust Preferred Securities may be redeemed by the Company at any time after September 30, 2002, at the liquidation value of $\$ 25$ per security plus accrued and unpaid distributions. The Trust Preferred Securities have equity and debt characteristics but creditor's rights and are therefore classified between liabilities and stockholders' equity on the balance sheet.

## 5. Contingencies:

On February 27, 1996, a lawsuit was filed against the Company by the buyer of its Dorman Products division for alleged misrepresentation of certain facts by the Company upon which the buyer allegedly based its offer to purchase Dorman. The complaint seeks damages of approximately $\$ 21,000$.

Certain other legal proceedings are pending which are either in the ordinary course of business or incidental to the Company's business. Those legal proceedings incidental to the business of the Company are generally not covered by insurance or other indemnity.

In the opinion of management, the ultimate resolution of the pending litigation matters will not have a material effect on the consolidated financial position, operations or cash flows of the Company.

## Earnings per Share

The Company accounts for earnings per share in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 128 ("SFAS 128"), "Earnings per Share". SFAS 128 requires the presentation of basic and diluted earnings per share for companies with complex capital structures. Under the Company's Equity Compensation Plan, certain executives and key employees have been granted a total of 773,495 options to purchase shares of the Company's common stock having a potentially dilutive effect on earnings per share. In accordance with SFAS 128, for the three and six months ended June 30, 1999, these shares do not enter into the calculation of diluted earnings per share as a result of the Company reporting a net loss from operations in both periods.

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SUNSOURCE INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (dollars in thousands)
6. Stockholders' Equity (continued):

Common Shares Issued to Certain Non-Employee Directors
Under the Company's Stock Compensation Plan for Non-Employee Directors, certain non-employee directors were issued 3,996 Common Shares at fair market value in the first six months of 1999 , which results in a compensation charge of $\$ 65$.

Stock Options
In March, 1999, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors granted 90,000 non-qualified stock options under the Company's 1998 Equity Compensation Plan at fair market value.

In April, 1999, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors granted the following stock options under the Company's 1998 Equity Compensation Plan:
(1) 300,000 non-qualified stock options at fair market value.
(2) 55,000 non-qualified stock options at $85 \%$ of fair market value.
(3) 117,000 incentive stock options at fair market value.

Common Stock Dividend
On March 29, 1999, the Board of Directors declared a dividend of $\$ 0.10$ per Common Share which was paid on April 19, 1999, to holders of record as of April 8, 1999. On June 30, 1999, the Board of Directors of the Company suspended indefinitely the quarterly cash dividend of $\$ .10$ per Common Share.

Treasury Stock
On August 6, 1998, the Company's Board of Directors authorized $\$ 15,000$ for management to repurchase up to $10 \%$ of the Company's outstanding common stock through open market transactions and private block trades, dependent upon market conditions. At June 30, 1999, the number of shares purchased under this authorization was 479,100 which are held in treasury at an aggregate cost of $\$ 8,705$. The Company is currently restricted from making additional repurchases as a result of debt covenants under its credit agreements.

## 7. Segment Information:

The following supplemental table of segment tangible assets is presented due to the increase in segment tangible assets during the six months ended June 30 , 1999, which represents primarily additional investments in accounts receivable and inventory:

|  |  | \$ | \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6/30/99 | 12/31/98 | INC (DEC) | INC (DEC) |


| Technology Services | \$ 78,644 | \$ 85,460 | \$ | $(6,816)$ | (8.0) \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Expediter | 46,165 | 42,479 |  | 3,686 | 8.7\% |
| Integrated Supply | 17,036 | 15,343 |  | 1,693 | 11.0\% |
| Hillman | 71,934 | 59,487 |  | 12,447 | 20.9\% |
| Harding | 32,889 | 27,642 |  | 5,247 | 19.0\% |
| Total Tangible Assets | \$246,668 | \$230,411 | \$ | 16,257 | 7.1\% |

SUNSOURCE INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (dollars in thousands)
8. Subsequent Event:
Sale of Division

On July 1, 1999, the Company sold the net assets of Industrial Services' Fastener Business serving original equipment manufacturers. Sales from the Fastener Business aggregated $\$ 5,449$ and $\$ 10,954$ for the three and six months ended June 30, 1999, respectively.

The following discussion provides information which management believes is relevant to an assessment and understanding of the Company's operations and financial condition. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere herein.

## General

SunSource Inc. (the "Company") is one of the largest providers of value-added services and products to retail and industrial markets in North America. The Company is organized into three businesses which are SunSource Industrial Services Company, Inc., The Hillman Group, Inc.("Hillman") and Harding Glass,Inc. ("Harding").

SunSource Industrial Services Company operates in three segments which are Technology Services, Expediter and Integrated Supply. Technology Services offers a full range of technology-based products and services to small, medium and large manufacturers. The Expediter segment provides personalized, small parts inventory management services to low volume customers. The Integrated Supply segment provides major industrial manufacturing customers with comprehensive inventory management services for their maintenance, repair and operating supplies.

Hillman operates in the Hardware Merchandising Segment, providing small hardware and related items and merchandising services to retail outlets, primarily hardware stores, home centers and lumberyards.

Harding operates in the Glass Merchandising Segment, selling retail and wholesale automotive and flat glass and providing auto glass installation and small contract glazing services to individual consumers, insurance companies, autobody shops, and other customers through a large network of retail glass shops.

Restructuring Charges and Asset Write-downs
In the second quarter of 1999 , the Company recorded a restructuring charge of $\$ 4.8$ million, key machine write-down of $\$ 3.3$ million and an inventory write-down related to the restructuring plan of $\$ 2.1$ million. The charges and write-downs are a result of the Company's restructuring plan to reposition the Industrial Services businesses, write-down key machines at the Hillman division, and realign corporate overhead expenses. Included in these charges and write-downs are $\$ 6.4$ million related to Industrial Services, $\$ 3.3$ million related to Hillman, and $\$ 0.5$ million related to Corporate Headquarters. The Company expects to complete the restructuring plan within six months. The overall restructuring plan and related management actions are expected to generate over $\$ 10.0$ million in annual cost savings company-wide beginning in the fourth quarter of 1999.

The Industrial Services charges and write-downs of $\$ 6.4$ million includes termination benefits of $\$ 3.8$ million, an inventory write-down of $\$ 2.1$ million, other exit costs of $\$ 0.4$ million and a write-down of unamortized leasehold improvements of $\$ 0.1$ million. The termination benefits of $\$ 3.8$ million are comprised of $\$ 2.8$
million and $\$ 1.0$ million for Technology Services and Expediter, respectively as a result of the termination of about 100 employees. The other exit costs and write-down of unamortized leasehold improvements are related to lease buyouts and losses on the sale of owned facilities as a result of Technology Services' facilities consolidation. The inventory write-down is the result of a reduction in vendor lines carried resulting from the facility consolidation process.

The Hillman charge of $\$ 3.3$ million is primarily the result of Hillman's inability to recover key machines from retailers. The $\$ 3.3$ million charge represents the net book value of key machine costs that have been capitalized as of June 30, 1999.

The Corporate Headquarters component of the restructuring charge is comprised of other exit costs of $\$ 0.4$ million and termination benefits of $\$ 0.1$ million. The other exit costs include lease termination costs and unamortized leasehold
improvements on certain assets.

See Note 1 of "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for the accounting recognition of the restructuring charges.

Acquisitions

On February 9, 1999, Harding acquired all of the outstanding common stock of Pritchard Glass, Inc. ("Pritchard") and Premier Glass Services, Inc. ("Premier") for an aggregate net cash consideration of $\$ 11.3$ million, including debt repayments of $\$ 3.3$ million and transaction costs of $\$ 0.4$ million, plus the assumption of certain liabilities aggregating $\$ 3.2$ million. Sales of Pritchard and Premier aggregated approximately $\$ 25$ million for the twelve-month period prior to acquisition. This acquisition adds twenty-one retail glass shops, expanding Harding's business into the North and South Carolina markets.

In addition, in the first six months of 1999, Harding acquired the assets of three retail glass shops for a net cash consideration of $\$ 2.1$ million, including transaction costs, plus the assumption of certain liabilities of $\$ 0.5$ million which had sales aggregating approximately $\$ 3.2$ million for the twelve-month period prior to acquisition. These acquisitions expand Harding's business into the Columbus, Georgia, Las Vegas, Nevada and Tampa, Florida markets.

Stock Repurchase
On August 6, 1998, the Company's Board of Directors authorized $\$ 15.0$ million for management to repurchase up to $10 \%$ of the Company's outstanding common shares through open market transactions and private block trades dependent upon market conditions. The Company has acquired and placed into treasury 479,100 common shares through June 30,1999 , at an average cost of $\$ 18.12$ per common share. The Company is currently restricted from making additional repurchases as a result of debt covenants under its credit agreements.

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Stock Options

In March, 1999, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors granted 90,000 non-qualified stock options under the Company's 1998 Equity Compensation Plan at fair market value.

In April, 1999, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors granted the following stock options under the Company's 1998 Equity Compensation Plan:
(1) 300,000 non-qualified stock options at fair market value.
(2) 55,000 non-qualified stock options at 85\% of fair market value.
(3) 117,000 incentive stock options at fair market value.

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Results of Operations
Segment Sales and Profitability for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 1999 and 1998
<TABLE>
<CAPTION>


EBITA (7)
SunSource Industrial Services

| Technology Services (6) | \$ | $(6,309)$ | (9.7\%) | \$4,052 | 4.6\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Expediter |  | 4,427 | 13.9\% | 5,446 | 17.1\% |
| Integrated Supply |  | 498 | 5.0\% | 609 | 4.7\% |
| Industrial Services |  | $(1,384)$ | (1.3\%) | 10,107 | 7.7\% |
| Hillman |  | 4,057 | 9.8\% | 3,679 | 11.1\% |
| Harding |  | 523 | 1.7\% | 1,522 | 6.4\% |
| Total operations before corporate expenses |  | 3,196 | 1.8\% | 15,308 | 8.1\% |
| Corporate expenses |  | $(2,923)$ | (1.6\%) | $(1,657)$ | (0.9\%) |
| Consolidated EBITA before Restructuring charges |  |  |  |  |  |
| including inventory write down |  | 273 | $0.2 \%$ | 13,651 | 7.2\% |
| Restructuring charges including asset and inventory write downs |  | $(10,248)$ | (5.7\%) | - | 0.0\% |
| Consolidated EBITA | \$ | $(9,975)$ | ( $5.5 \%$ ) | \$ 13,651 | 7.2\% |

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

Sales
SunSource Industrial Services <S>

Technology Services
Expediter
Integrated Supply (1)
Industrial Services
Hillman (2) (3)

Harding (4)
Consolidated Net Sales

Gross Profit
SunSource Industrial Services
Technology Services (5)
Expediter
Integrated Supply
Industrial Services
Hillman
Harding
Consolidated Gross Profit
before inventory write down related to restructuring Inventory write down related to restructuring

Consolidated Gross Profit

EBITA (7)
SunSource Industrial Services
Technology Services (6)
Expediter
Integrated Supply
Industrial Services
Hillman
Harding
Total operations before corporate expenses
Corporate expenses

Consolidated EBITA before
Restructuring charges
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline including inventory write down & 7,614 & 2.2\% & 21,858 & 6.1\% \\
\hline Restructuring charges including & & & & \\
\hline asset and inventory write downs & \((10,248)\) & (2.9\%) & - & 0.0\% \\
\hline Consolidated EBITA & \$ \((2,634)\) & (0.7\%) & \$ 21,858 & 6.1\% \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
</TABLE>
(1) Includes sales of $\$ 2,539$ and $\$ 4,368$ for the three and six months ended June 30, 1998, respectively related to integrated supply contracts cancelled in 1998.
(2) Includes sales from businesses acquired in 1998 of $\$ 5,226$ and $\$ 9,821$ for three and six months ended June 30 , 1999, respectively and $\$ 2,244$ for both the three and six months ended June 30, 1998.
(3) Includes a reduction in sales and gross profit of $\$ 1,271$ and $\$ 2,185$ for the three and six months ended June 30 , 1998, respectively to conform to current accounting for customer rebates.
(4) Includes sales of $\$ 11,561$ and $\$ 1,046$ for three months ended June 30, 1999 and 1998, respectively and $\$ 20,365$ and $\$ 1,458$ for the six months ended June 30, 1999 and 1998, respectively related to businesses acquired in 1999, 1998 and 1997. Also includes sales from branches closed in 1998 of $\$ 440$ and $\$ 1,199$ for the three and six months ended June 30, 1998, respectively.
(5) Includes nonrecurring charges related to warranty claims, customer credits and other inventory adjustments in the Technology Services divisions of $\$ 2,780$ and $\$ 3,330$ for the three and six months ended June 30, 1999, respectively. Excluding these charges, Technology Services gross profit was $\$ 16,132$ or $24.7 \%$ and $\$ 34,780$ or $26.1 \%$ for the three and six months ended June 30, 1999, respectively.
(6) Includes nonrecurring charges related to the integration of the Technology Services Divisions of $\$ 4,717$ and $\$ 5,952$ for the three and six months ended June 30, 1999, respectively. Excluding these charges, Technology Services EBITA was $(\$ 1,592)$ or (2.4\%) and $\$ 771$ or $0.6 \%$ for the three and six months ended June 30, 1999, respectively.
(7) "EBITA" (earnings before interest, taxes, and amortization) is defined as income (loss) from operations before amortization.

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Three Months Ended June 30, 1999 and 1998

Net sales decreased $\$ 9.1$ million or $4.8 \%$ in the three months ended June 30, 1999 to $\$ 179.8$ million from $\$ 188.9$ million in 1998 . Sales variances by business segment are as follows:

|  | Sales Increase | (Decrease) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Amount | \% |
|  | (In thousands) |  |
| SunSource Industrial Services Company |  |  |
| Technology Services | \$ 21,950 ) | (25.2) \% |
| Expediter | (67) | (0.2) \% |
| Integrated Supply | $(2,891)$ | (22.5) \% |
| Industrial Services | $(24,908)$ | (18.9) \% |
| Hillman | 8,154 | 24.6 \% |
| Harding | 7,630 | 31.9 \% |
| Total Company | \$ (9,124) | (4.8) \% |

Technology Services sales decreased $\$ 22.0$ million or $25.2 \%$ in the second quarter of 1999 to $\$ 65.2$ million from $\$ 87.2$ million in 1998 as a result of the restructuring of the sales force as well as the effects of the global economy on original equipment manufacturers' end markets. Expediter sales decreased slightly in 1999 to $\$ 31.8$ million from $\$ 31.9$ million in 1998 as a result of reduced manpower in certain sales territories. Integrated Supply sales decreased $\$ 2.9$ million or $22.5 \%$ in the second quarter of 1999 to $\$ 10.0$ million from $\$ 12.9$ million in the 1998 period as a result of contracts canceled after the second
quarter of 1998 which generated sales of $\$ 2.5$ million in the second quarter of 1998. Excluding terminated contracts, Integrated Supply sales decreased $3.4 \%$ in the comparison period.

Hillman's sales increased $\$ 8.2$ million or $24.6 \%$ in the second quarter of 1999 to $\$ 41.3$ million from $\$ 33.1$ million in the 1998 comparison period as a result of sales from newly acquired businesses of $\$ 4.5$ million and $\$ 3.7$ million in growth from new accounts and expansion of new and existing product lines.

Harding's sales increased $\$ 7.6$ million or $31.9 \%$ in the second quarter of 1999 to $\$ 31.5$ million from $\$ 23.9$ million in the 1998 comparison period as a result of an increase of $\$ 5.6$ million from newly acquired retail glass shops and an increase in retail, wholesale, contract and other product line sales of $\$ 2.9$ million, offset by the discontinuation of certain low-margin product lines resulting in reduced sales of $\$ 0.9$ million. Growth in Harding's retail glass shops is expected to continue as a result of sales development programs and the recent acquisitions.

The Company's sales backlog on a consolidated basis was $\$ 61.1$ million as of June 30, 1999, compared with $\$ 66.4$ million at December 31, 1998, and $\$ 77.3$ million as of June 30, 1998, a decrease of $8.0 \%$ and $21.0 \%$ respectively.

The Company's consolidated gross margin (before the inventory write-down related to restructuring of $\$ 2.1$ million and non-recurring charges related to integration of the Technology Services divisions of $\$ 2.8$ million) was 41.4\% in the second quarter of 1999 compared with $40.0 \%$ in the second quarter of 1998. SunSource Industrial Services Company's gross margin before the aforementioned charges was $38.4 \%$ in the second quarter of 1999 compared with $36.8 \%$ in the second quarter of 1998, an increase of $1.6 \%$. Technology Services' gross margin before the aforementioned charges decreased 1.1\% in the second quarter of 1999 as a result of sales mix. The Expediter activity's gross margin declined $2.2 \%$ in the second quarter of 1999 as a result of increased packaging cost absorption in the 1999 period, a change in sales mix and competitive pricing pressures. The Integrated

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Supply activity's gross margin increased $3.7 \%$ in the second quarter of 1999 resulting from sales mix. Hillman's gross margin increased $1.0 \%$ in the second quarter comparison periods as a result of substantial increases in sales of keys to major U.S. hardware chains carrying higher margins than other hardware products. Harding's gross margin decreased 4.1\% in the comparison period as a result of an increase in contract sales at lower gross margins than the overall retail glass business and pricing pressure from insurance companies in the auto glass sector.

The Company's selling, general and administrative ("S,G\&A") expenses before non-recurring charges of $\$ 1.9$ million related to integration of the Technology Services divisions increased by $\$ 7.3$ million to $\$ 68.0$ million in the second quarter of 1999 from $\$ 60.7$ million in second quarter of 1998. Selling expenses increased $\$ 1.9$ million, primarily as a result of the acquisitions at Hillman and Harding, offset by decreases in all other businesses as a result of reduced sales levels. Warehouse and delivery expenses increased $\$ 2.1$ million as a result of integration costs for the 1998 acquisitions at Hillman and facility reorganization costs at Technology Services. The increase in general and administrative expenses of $\$ 3.3$ million is also attributable to the integration of the newly acquired businesses at Harding and Hillman and increased facilities costs in the Technology Services division.

S,G\&A expenses as a percentage of sales excluding the non-recurring charges compared with the second quarter of 1998 was as follows:

|  | Three Months ended June 30, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1999 | 1998 |
| Selling Expenses | 18.2\% | 16.3\% |
| Warehouse and Delivery Expenses | 7.4\% | 5.9\% |
| General and Administrative Expenses | 12.2\% | 9.9\% |
| Total S,G\&A Expenses | $37.8 \%$ | 32.1\% |

Overall, as a percentage of sales, total $S, G \& A$ expenses increased due mainly to the decrease in sales levels in relation to the fixed cost component of $S, G \& A$ expenses.

EBITA from operations after corporate expenses and before restructuring charges and key machine write-down of $\$ 8.1$ million, inventory write-down related to restructuring of $\$ 2.1$ million and non-recurring charges of $\$ 4.7$ million related to the integration of the Technology Services divisions was $\$ 5.0$ million for the
three months ended June 30, 1999, compared with $\$ 13.7$ million for the same prior-year period.

The Company's consolidated operating profit margin (EBITA, as a percentage of sales) after corporate expenses and before the aforementioned charges declined to $2.8 \%$ in the second quarter of 1999 compared with $7.2 \%$ in the same prior-year quarter. SunSource Industrial Services Company's operating profit margin excluding these charges decreased to $3.1 \%$ in the second quarter of 1999 from $7.7 \%$ in the same quarter of 1998, primarily reflecting reduced 1999 sales and increased expenses related to the reorganization of sales and administrative functions in the Technology Services segment and Expediter's gross margin decline discussed above. Hillman's operating profit margin excluding the write-down of key machines of $\$ 3.3$ million decreased in the second quarter of 1999 to $9.8 \%$ from $11.1 \%$ in the same quarter of 1998 as a result of initial sales returns and allowances to attract new accounts and increased selling expenses for new field staff related primarily to 1998 acquisition activities. Harding's operating profit margin declined in the second quarter of 1999 to $1.7 \%$ from 6.4\% in same quarter of 1998 as a result of increased selling and administrative expenses related to integration costs for newly acquired businesses.

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Depreciation expense increased $\$ 0.4$ million to $\$ 1.5 \mathrm{million}$ in the second quarter of 1999 from $\$ 1.1$ million in same quarter of 1998 as a result of acquisition activity at Hillman and Harding and an overall increase in the depreciable fixed asset base due to investment in the Company's core businesses.

Amortization expense increased $\$ 0.1$ million to $\$ 0.7$ million in the second quarter of 1999 as a result of acquisition activity at Hillman and Harding.

Interest expense, net increased $\$ 0.7$ million in the second quarter of 1999 to $\$ 2.3$ million due primarily to increased borrowings on the Company's revolving credit facility as a result of cash requirements to fund the company's acquisition activities and working capital investment.

The Company pays interest to the Trust on the Junior Subordinated Debentures underlying the Trust Preferred Securities at the rate of $11.6 \%$ per annum on their face amount of $\$ 105.4$ million, or $\$ 12.2$ million. The Trust distributes an equivalent amount to the holders of the Trust Preferred Securities. For the three months ended June 30,1999 and 1998 , the Company paid $\$ 3.1$ million in interest on the Junior Subordinated Debentures, equivalent to the amounts distributed by the Trust.

Six Months Ended June 30, 1999 and 1998
Net sales decreased $\$ 7.2$ million or $2.0 \%$ in the six months ended June 30, 1999 to $\$ 352.9$ million from $\$ 360.1$ million in 1998 . Sales variances by business segment are as follows:

|  | Sales Increas | crease) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Amount <br> (In thousands) | \% |
| SunSource Industrial Services Company |  |  |
| Technology Services | \$ 35,645$)$ | (21.1) \% |
| Expediter | (165) | (0.3) \% |
| Integrated Supply | $(5,664)$ | (22.6) \% |
| Industrial Services | $(41,474)$ | (16.1) \% |
| Hillman | 18,890 | $32.4 \%$ |
| Harding | 15,394 | 34.7 \% |
| Total Company | \$ (7,190) | (2.0) \% |

Technology Services sales decreased $\$ 35.6$ million or $21.1 \%$ in the first half of 1999 to $\$ 133.5$ million from $\$ 169.1$ million in 1998 as a result of the restructuring of the sales force as well as the effects of the global economy on original equipment manufacturers' end markets. Expediter sales decreased slightly in 1999 to $\$ 63.0$ million from $\$ 63.2$ million in 1998 as a result of reduced manpower in certain sales territories. Integrated Supply sales decreased $\$ 5.7$ million or $22.6 \%$ in the first half of 1999 to $\$ 19.4$ million from $\$ 25.1$ million in the 1998 period as a result of contracts canceled after the second quarter of 1998 which generated sales of $\$ 4.4$ million in the first half of 1998. Excluding terminated contracts, Integrated Supply sales decreased $6.3 \%$ in the comparison period.

Hillman's sales increased $\$ 18.9$ million or $32.4 \%$ in the first half of 1999 to $\$ 77.2$ million from $\$ 58.3$ million in the 1998 comparison period as a result of
sales from newly acquired businesses of $\$ 9.0$ million, and $\$ 9.2$ million in growth from new accounts and expansion of new and existing product lines. Harding's sales increased $\$ 15.4$ million or $34.7 \%$ in the first half of 1999 to $\$ 59.8$ million from $\$ 44.4$ million in the 1998 comparison period as a result of an
increase of $\$ 14.1$ million from newly acquired retail glass shops and an increase in retail, wholesale, contract and other product line sales of $\$ 3.0$ million, offset by the discontinuation of certain low-margin product lines resulting in reduced sales of $\$ 1.7$ million. Growth in Harding's retail glass shops is expected to continue as a result of sales development programs and the recent acquisitions.

The Company's consolidated gross margin before the inventory write-down related to restructuring of $\$ 2.1$ million and non-recurring charges related to integration of the Technology Services divisions of $\$ 3.3$ million was $41.7 \%$ in the first half of 1999 compared with $39.8 \%$ in the first half of 1998 . SunSource Industrial Services Company's gross margin before the aforementioned charges was $39.0 \%$ in the first half of 1999 compared with $36.9 \%$ in the first half of 1998 , an increase of $2.1 \%$. Technology Services' gross margin before the aforementioned charges increased $0.5 \%$ in the first half of 1999 as a result of tighter pricing controls offset by decreases resulting from sales mix. The Expediter activity's gross margin declined $2.0 \%$ in the first half of 1999 as a result of increased packaging cost absorption in the 1999 period, a change in sales mix and competitive pricing pressures. The Integrated Supply activity's gross margin increased 3.1\% in the first half of 1999 resulting from sales mix. Hillman's gross margin increased $0.5 \%$ in the six-month comparison periods as a result of substantial increases in sales of keys to major U.S. hardware chains carrying higher margins than other hardware products. Harding's gross margin decreased $3.4 \%$ in the comparison period as a result of an increase in contract sales at lower gross margins than the overall retail glass business and pricing pressure from insurance companies in the auto glass sector.

The Company's S,G\&A expenses before non-recurring charges related to integration of the Technology Services divisions of $\$ 2.7$ million increased by $\$ 11.5$ million to $\$ 130.7$ million in the first half of 1999 from $\$ 119.2$ million in first half of 1998. Selling expenses increased $\$ 3.2$ million, primarily as a result of the acquisitions at Hillman and Harding, offset by decreases in all other businesses as a result of reduced sales levels. Warehouse and delivery expenses increased $\$ 4.3$ million as a result of integration costs for the 1998 acquisitions at Hillman and facility reorganization costs at Technology Services. The increase in general and administrative expenses of $\$ 4.0$ million is also attributable to the integration of the newly acquired businesses at Harding and Hillman and increased facilities costs in the Technology Services division.

S,G\&A expenses as a percentage of sales excluding the previously mentioned non-recurring charges compared with the first half of 1998 was as follows:

|  | Six Months ended June 30, |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | -1999 | 1998 |
| Selling Expenses | ---- | ---- |
| Warehouse and Delivery Expenses | $17.9 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ |
| General and Administrative Expenses | $7.3 \%$ | $5.9 \%$ |
|  | $11.8 \%$ | $10.5 \%$ |
| Total S,G\&A Expenses | ----- | ----- |
| Tom | $37.0 \%$ | $33.1 \%$ |
|  | $=====$ | $=====$ |

Overall, as a percentage of sales, total $S, G \& A$ expenses increased due mainly to the decrease in sales levels in relation to the fixed cost component of $S, G \& A$ expenses.

EBITA from operations after corporate expenses and before restructuring charges and key machine write-down of $\$ 8.1$ million, inventory write-down related to restructuring of $\$ 2.1$ million and the aforementioned non-recurring charges of $\$ 6.0$ million was $\$ 13.6$ million for the six months ended June 30, 1999, compared with $\$ 21.9$ million for the same prior-year period.

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The Company's consolidated operating profit margin (EBITA, as a percentage of sales) after corporate expenses and before the aforementioned charges declined to $3.8 \%$ in the first half of 1999 compared with $6.1 \%$ in the same prior-year
period. SunSource Industrial Services Company's operating profit margin excluding these charges decreased to $5.2 \%$ in the first half of 1999 from $7.1 \%$ in 1998, primarily reflecting reduced 1999 sales and increased expenses related to the reorganization of sales and administrative functions in the Technology Services segment and Expediter's gross margin decline discussed above. Hillman's operating profit margin excluding restructuring charges related to the write-off of key machines of $\$ 3.3$ million decreased in the first half of 1999 to $9.0 \%$ from $10.0 \%$ in 1998 as a result of initial sales returns and allowances to attract new accounts and increased selling expenses for new field staff related primarily to 1998 acquisition activities. Harding's operating profit margin declined in the first half of 1999 to $0.5 \%$ from $3.5 \%$ in 1998 as a result of increased selling and administrative expenses related to integration costs for newly acquired businesses.

Depreciation expense increased $\$ 0.7$ million to $\$ 3.0$ million in the first half of 1999 from $\$ 2.3$ million in 1998 as a result of acquisition activity at Hillman and Harding and an overall increase in the depreciable fixed asset base due to investment in the Company's core businesses.

Amortization expense increased $\$ 0.3$ million to $\$ 1.4$ million in the first half of 1999 as a result of acquisition activity at Hillman and Harding.

Interest expense, net increased $\$ 1.1$ million in the first half of 1999 to $\$ 4.4$ million due primarily to increased borrowings on the Company's revolving credit facility as a result of cash requirements to fund the Company's acquisition activities and working capital investment.

The Company pays interest to the Trust on the Junior Subordinated Debentures underlying the Trust Preferred Securities at the rate of $11.6 \%$ per annum on their face amount of $\$ 105.4$ million, or $\$ 12.2$ million. The Trust distributes an equivalent amount to the holders of the Trust Preferred Securities. For the six months ended June 30, 1999 and 1998, the Company paid $\$ 6.1$ million in interest on the Junior Subordinated Debentures, equivalent to the amounts distributed by the Trust.

The Company is subject to federal, state and local income taxes on its domestic operations and foreign income taxes on its Canadian and Mexican operations as accounted for in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standard ("SFAS") 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes". Deferred income taxes represent differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities as classified on the Company's balance sheet.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA")was $\$ 6.5$ million in the second quarter of 1999 compared with $\$ 14.8$ million in the same quarter of 1998 and $\$ 16.6$ million in the first six months of 1999 compared with $\$ 24.1$ million in 1998 , excluding restructuring charges of $\$ 4.8$ million, key machine write-down of $\$ 3.3$ million and inventory write-down related to restructuring of $\$ 2.1$ million for the three and six months ended June 30, 1999, and the aforementioned non-recurring charges of $\$ 4.7$ million and $\$ 6.0 \mathrm{million}$ for the three and six months ended June 30, 1999, respectively. The Company's net interest coverage ratio for the six months ended June 30, 1999, declined to 1.16X (earnings before interest, distributions on Trust Preferred Securities and income taxes, excluding the aforementioned charges, over net interest expense and

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distributions on Trust Preferred Securities), from 2.20X in the 1998 comparison period as a result of reduced earnings and increased interest expense.

The Company's cash position of $\$ 2.9$ million as of June 30 , 1999, increased $\$ 0.1$ million from the balance at December 31, 1998. Cash was provided during this period primarily from net borrowings under the bank revolver ( $\$ 44.0$ million) and proceeds from the sale of property and equipment ( $\$ 0.3$ million). Cash was used during this period predominantly for working capital investments in operations (\$21.4 million), acquisitions (\$15.1 million), cash distributions to investors ( $\$ 1.4$ million), capital expenditures ( $\$ 3.7$ million), repayments under other credit facilities (\$0.5 million), purchase of treasury stock (\$0.3 million), investment in life insurance ( $\$ 1.3 \mathrm{million})$ and other items, net ( $\$ 0.5 \mathrm{million}$ ).

The Company's working capital position of $\$ 148.4$ million at June 30 , 1999, represents an increase of $\$ 26.8$ million from the December 31, 1998 level of $\$ 121.6$ million and an increase of $\$ 5.6$ million from the June 30 , 1998 level of $\$ 142.8$ million. The Company's current ratio increased to 2.59 x at June 30, 1999 from 2.25x at December 31, 1998, as a result of increased accounts receivable and inventories. The current ratio decreased slightly from the June 30, 1998 level of 2.60 x .

As of June 30 , 1999, the Company had $\$ 5.7$ million available under its credit facilities. The Company had $\$ 139.7$ million of outstanding long-term debt at June 30, 1999, consisting of a $\$ 60.0$ million Senior Note currently at $7.91 \%$ bank borrowings totaling $\$ 79.0$ million at an effective interest rate of $6.48 \%$, and capitalized lease obligations of $\$ 0.7$ million at various interest rates. An indirect, wholly-owned Canadian subsidiary of the Company had a $\$ 2.5$ million Canadian dollar line of credit for working capital purposes, of which no amount was outstanding at June 30, 1999.

As of June 30 , 1999, the Company's total debt (including dividends payable) as a percentage of its consolidated capitalization (total debt, Trust Preferred Securities and stockholders' equity) was $52.4 \%$ compared with $41.5 \%$ as of December 31, 1998 and $42.5 \%$ as of June 30, 1998. The Company's consolidated capitalization (including dividends payable) as of June 30, 1999, was $\$ 266.4$ million compared to $\$ 232.8$ million at December 31 , 1998 and $\$ 243.2$ million as of June 30, 1998.

The Company anticipates spending $\$ 6.0$ million for capital expenditures in 1999, primarily for warehouse improvements, machinery and equipment and computer hardware and software.

On March 29, 1999, the board of Directors declared a dividend of $\$ .10$ per Common Share which was paid on April 19, 1999, to holders of record as of April 8, 1999. On June 30, 1999, the Board of Directors of the Company suspended indefinitely the quarterly cash dividend of $\$ .10$ per common share.

The Company has deferred tax assets aggregating $\$ 20.9$ million as of June 30 , 1999, as determined in accordance with SFAS 109. Management believes that the Company's deferred tax assets will be realized through the reversal of existing temporary differences between the financial statement and tax bases, as well as through future taxable income.

Year 2000 Issue
The following discussion is an update of the Company's Y2K disclosure contained in its annual report on Form $10-\mathrm{K}$ for the year-ended December 31, 1998. Each of the individuals responsible for the Y2K plans within the Company's business segments continues to update senior management on a quarterly basis regarding Y2K matters. Plans and locations with critical 1999 dates and activities required to achieve Y2K compliance are being monitored on a more frequent basis by management.

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State of Readiness
SunSource Industrial Services

- The remediation of the Expediter segment's proprietary software has been completed utilizing an outside consultant. The testing of this remediation is approximately $90 \%$ complete and is targeted for full completion by the end of the third quarter of 1999. Expediter also continues to expect that its critical personal computer ("PC") hardware and purchased software will be compliant and fully-tested by September 30, 1999.
- Technology Services' conversion of all its operating units to the third-party purchased computer system is approximately $60 \%$ complete and is currently targeted for full completion and testing by October 31, 1999. The remaining unconverted units utilize hardware and software applications that are Y2K compliant.

Hillman
Hillman has completed remediation (including full testing) on $100 \%$ of its proprietary software programs. Hillman's critical purchased software applications and hardware have been certified by the vendors to be compliant, except for several applications (i.e. payroll and shipping) which are expected to be upgraded or replaced by October 31, 1999.

Harding

Harding's installation of the Y2K compliant version of its critical purchased point-of-sale software application and its related hardware operating system is $95 \%$ complete and is expected to be completed by the end of the third quarter of 1999. Harding installed a version update to its purchased financial software in July 1999. Harding completed the necessary upgrades for network servers and PC hardware during the first quarter of 1999. Since Harding does not have standardized telephone systems at its 125 locations, an assessment of Y2K compliance for the different telephone systems is being performed due to the important role the telephone plays in Harding's retail glass sales and service activities. Harding has confirmed that $90 \%$ of its locations' phone systems are Y2K compliant. Harding expects the evaluation and remediation (if necessary) of
the final $10 \%$ of its locations to be complete by September 30, 1999.

## Costs to Address Year 2000 Issue

The Company's Y2K costs incurred through June 1999 are approximately $\$ 1.0$ million, of which $80 \%$ is for remediation of internally designed software applications. Y2K costs of $\$ 0.7$ million are expected to be incurred during the remainder of 1999 resulting in projected aggregate costs of $\$ 1.7$ million for the entire Y2K project. The source of the funds for these Y2K costs will be from the Company's operating cash flows.

Risks of Year 2000 Compliance and Contingency Plans
There has been no significant change to the Company's Y2K risk profile or the Company's plans to address potential operating problems related to Y2K.

The Company has received responses from approximately 87\% of its major suppliers to its request for Y2K compliance letters. At this time, no significant Y2K issues have been communicated from major suppliers that have responded.

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Inflation
Inflation in recent years has had a modest impact on the operations of the Company. Continued inflation, over a period of years at higher than current rates, would result in significant increases in inventory costs and operating expenses. However, such higher cost of sales and operating expenses can generally be offset by increases in selling prices, although the ability of the Company's operating divisions to raise prices is dependent on competitive market conditions.

Subsequent Event

Sale of Division

On July 1, 1999 the Company sold the net assets of its Industrial Services' Fastener Business serving original equipment manufacturers. Sales from the Fastener Business aggregated $\$ 5.4$ million and $\$ 11.0$ million for the three and six months ended June 30 , 1999, respectively. The proceeds from this divestiture were used for debt repayments on the Company's revolving credit line.

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## SUNSOURCE INC.

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Joseph M. Corvino
Vice President - Finance
(Chief Financial Officer)

Edward L. Tofani
Controller
(Chief Accounting Officer)

```
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| <EPS-DILUTED> | (1.30) |
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[^0]:    Items 1 - 6 -- None

